

safety data sheet

Non-Hazardous Substance, Non-Dangerous Goods

1. MATERIAL and SUPPLY COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Stockmix Salt

Synonyms Sodium chloride, Rock salt, Halite, Common salt

Recommended Uses As an ingredient in stockfeed

Product Description Naturally evaporated solar salt which is washed and kiln dried.

Supplier Australian Saltworks

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2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Based on available information, this material is not classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia.

Signal Word ---

Hazard Classification ---

Hazard Statement ---

Precautionary Statements ---

DANGEROUS GOODS CLASSIFICATION

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and the "New Zealand NZS5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land".

3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION

Chemical Entity	CAS No	Proportion (%) dry basis
Sodium chloride, NaCl	7647-14-5	99.5%
Non-hazardous inorganic salts		0.5%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Swallowed If person is conscious, thoroughly rinse mouth with water and give large amounts of water to

drink. Seek medical attention.

Eye Immediately flush eyes including under the eyelids with running water. If irritation persists seek

medical attention.

Skin Wash affected areas with soap and water.

Inhaled Remove promptly from exposure into fresh air. Ensure airways are clear. If not breathing provide

artificial respiration. Seek medical attention. If breathing difficult provide oxygen.

First Aid Facilities Eyewash stations and washing facilities should be readily available to areas of use.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically.



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5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability Conditions This material is not flammable.

Suitable Extinguishing

Equipment

Use extinguishing agents that are suitable for surrounding fire.

Specific Hazards Arising from Combustion Products

Hydrogen chloride which is toxic by inhalation and a strong irritant of the eyes and skin may be

formed during a fire.

Protective Equipment &

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for fire-fighting if necessary.

Precautions for FireFighters

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment & emergency procedures

Clean-up personnel should wear personal protective equipment as necessary to protect against

skin and eye contact and inhalation of dust.

Environmental Precautions Avoid generating airborne dust. Prevent run-off into drains and water ways.

Methods & materials for containment and cleaning up

Scoop up into a sealable container for recovery or disposal. Work up wind or increase ventilation. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. Trace residues can be

washed down with large quantities of water.

7. HANDLING & STORAGE

Handling Avoid eye contact and repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Storage Store in a cool, dry location. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep out of sunlight to

prevent deterioration of packaging material. Avoid incompatibles described in Section 10.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS & PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters Sodium chloride: None value assigned by Worksafe Australia. Should be considered as a 'Nuisance

Particulate' 10 mg/m3, measured as inseparable dust (TWA).

Time Weighted Average (TWA) exposure standard refers to the average concentration of a substance when calculated over a normal eight hour working day/five day working week.

Appropriate Engineering

Controls

Choose equipment and handling to minimise dust formation. Salt facilitates corrosion of many common metals (especially in damp conditions), iron, steel, zinc and aluminium being particularly

susceptible, while stainless steel is fairly resistant.

Individual Protective

Measures

Where airborne concentrations of dust are high (> 10 mg/m3) an approved respirator meeting Australian Standard 1716 should be provided. Wear safety glasses to prevent eye injury. Always wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.

9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Crystalline solid

Physical Appearance White opaque crystalline solid

Odour None

Flashpoint (°C): Not Applicable

Melting Point (°C): 801°C

Boiling Point (°C): 1413 °C

Solubility in Water (g/L): 357 @ O°C 391.2 @ 100°C

Vapour Pressure (pascals or

mm Hg at 25°C):

Not applicable

Flammability Limits (%): Not applicable

Specific Gravity: 2.165 for compressed solid,1.3 for granular form (bulk density)

Soluble in water and glycerol. Slightly soluble in alcohol.



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10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY

Reactivity Sodium chloride is generally unreactive. Releases gaseous hydrogen chloride if mixed with a

concentrated nonvolatile acid such as sulfuric acid.

Chemical Stability Hygroscopic – absorbs moisture from the atmosphere

Possibility of Hazardous

Reactions

Sodium chloride will corrode many common metals particularly iron, aluminium, and zinc.

Reaction with burning lithium forms the dangerously reactive sodium.

Conditions To Avoid Avoid damp / moist conditions. Avoid incompatible materials (below).

Incompatible Materials Strong acids, bromine trifluoride, lithium

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

When heated to decomposition it emits toxic fumes of hydrochloric acid and disodium oxide. May

evolve chlorine gas when in contact with strong acids.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet. Sodium chloride is listed in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) as "identified as low concern to human health by application of expert validated rules". If the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs the symptoms or effects that might occur are:

Acute Toxicity Not classified as toxic.

Sodium chloride LD50 rat (oral) = 3000 mg/kg.

Human Toxicity Data: Sodium chloride TDLO (oral) = 8.2 g/kg.

Skin Contact No irritation is likely after brief contact but repeated or prolonged contact with the skin may

cause irritation.

Eye Contact Contact with dust will irritate and may burn the eyes.

Ingestion Ingestion of large quantities may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea and/or vomiting. TDLo

human (oral) = 8.2g/kg.

Inhalation Breathing dust may irritate the nose and throat and cause coughing and chest discomfort.

Chronic Effects Ingestion of large quantities can cause high blood pressure. May cause disturbance in the blood

electrolyte and fluid balance following repeated ingestion of large quantities. Inhalation can cause

rapid ineffective breathing. No evidence to carcinogenicity.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Concentrations of salt above 1000 mg/L in natural waterways may have a detrimental effect on

natural ecosystems.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods Recover product where practical, vacuum or sweep up remnants (avoid generating dust) &

dispose of in sealed containers. Clean up with water but prevent release to water systems or environment. Waste material should be disposed of following local, state or national EPA

regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG

Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Marine Transport Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods

Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Air TransportNot classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association

(IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.



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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Classification: Based on available information, not classified as hazardous according to Safe Work Australia;

NON-HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP): None allocated.

This material is listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Version 3

Date Authorised 13 February 2018

Reason for Change: Review and update of the information to bring into line with the requirements for safety data

sheets under the Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of chemicals (GHS).

Please Note The information contained herein is derived from a variety of sources and standards published

internationally and despite all care taken to ensure that the information is accurate we cannot

warrant its accuracy.

Customers should make their own judgements and tests as to the products characteristics and

performance in the context of intended use.

This SDS has been prepared by SafetyZone YCM Pty Ltd (safetyzone.net.au) on behalf of

Australian Saltworks.